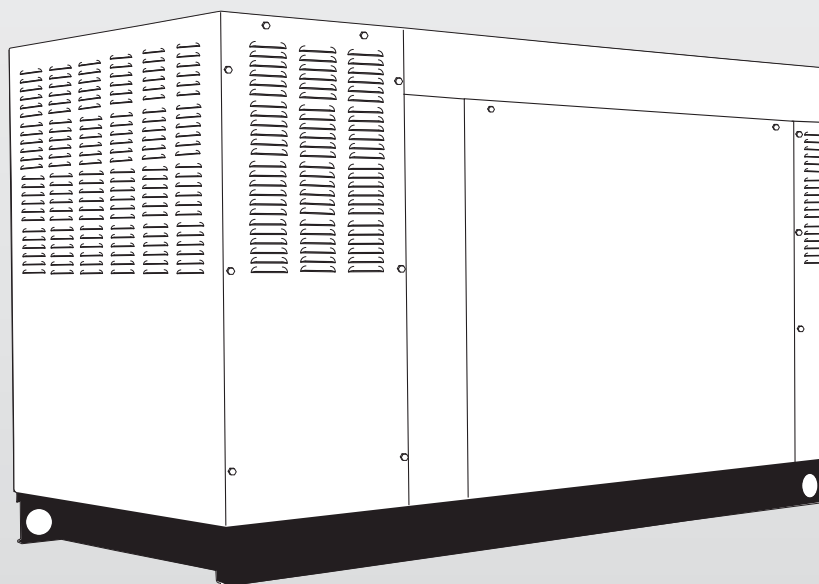


Owner's Manual

Stationary Emergency Generator



⚠ CAUTION!

- ⚠ NOT INTENDED FOR USE IN CRITICAL LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS.
- ⚠ ONLY QUALIFIED ELECTRICIANS OR CONTRACTORS SHOULD ATTEMPT INSTALLATION!
- ⚠ DEADLY EXHAUST FUMES! OUTDOOR INSTALLATION ONLY!

2.4L
60kW Models
EPA Certified

This manual should remain with the unit.

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Safety Instructions

 **SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS** – The manufacturer suggests that these rules for safe operation be copied and posted in potential hazard areas. Safety should be stressed to all operators, potential operators, and service and repair technicians for this equipment.

INTRODUCTION

Thank you for purchasing this model of the stationary emergency generator product line.

Every effort was expended to make sure that the information and instructions in this manual were both accurate and current at the time the manual was written. However, the manufacturer reserves the right to change, alter or otherwise improve this product(s) at any time without prior notice.

READ THIS MANUAL THOROUGHLY

If any portion of this manual is not understood, contact the nearest Service Dealer for starting, operating and servicing procedures.

Throughout this publication, and on tags and decals affixed to the generator, DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION and NOTE blocks are used to alert personnel to special instructions about a particular service or operation that may be hazardous if performed incorrectly or carelessly. Observe them carefully. Their definitions are as follows:

DANGER!

INDICATES A HAZARDOUS SITUATION OR ACTION WHICH, IF NOT AVOIDED, WILL RESULT IN DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY.

WARNING!

Indicates a hazardous situation or action which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION!

Indicates a hazardous situation or action which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

NOTE:

Notes contain additional information important to a procedure and will be found within the regular text body of this manual.

These safety warnings cannot eliminate the hazards that they indicate. Common sense and strict compliance with the special instructions while performing the service are essential to preventing accidents.

Four commonly used safety symbols accompany the DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION blocks. The type of information each indicates is as follows:

 **This symbol points out important safety information that, if not followed, could endanger personal safety and/or property of others.**

 **This symbol points out potential explosion hazard.**



This symbol points out potential fire hazard.



This symbol points out potential electrical shock hazard.

The operator is responsible for proper and safe use of the equipment. The manufacturer strongly recommends that the operator read this Owner's Manual and thoroughly understand all instructions before using this equipment. The manufacturer also strongly recommends instructing other users to properly start and operate the unit. This prepares them if they need to operate the equipment in an emergency.

For safety reasons, the manufacturer recommends that this equipment be installed, serviced and repaired by a Service Dealer or other competent, qualified electrician or installation technician who is familiar with applicable codes, standards and regulations. The operator also must comply with all such codes, standards and regulations.

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

It is the operator's responsibility to perform all safety checks, to make sure that all maintenance for safe operation is performed promptly, and to have the equipment checked periodically by a Service Dealer. Normal maintenance service and replacement of parts are the responsibility of the owner/operator and, as such, are not considered defects in materials or workmanship within the terms of the warranty. Individual operating habits and usage contribute to the need for maintenance service.

Proper maintenance and care of the generator ensure a minimum number of problems and keep operating expenses at a minimum. See a Service Dealer for service aids and accessories.

Operating instructions presented in this manual assume that the generator electric system has been installed by a Service Dealer or other competent, qualified contractor. Installation of this equipment is not a "do-it-yourself" project.

HOW TO OBTAIN SERVICE

When the generator requires servicing or repairs, simply contact a Service Dealer for assistance. Service technicians are factory-trained and are capable of handling all service needs.

When contacting a dealer about parts and service, always supply the complete Model Number, Serial Number and Type Code (where applicable) from the DATA LABEL that is affixed to the unit.

Safety Instructions

SAFETY RULES

Study these SAFETY RULES carefully before installing, operating or servicing this equipment. Become familiar with this Owner's Manual and with the unit. The generator can operate safely, efficiently and reliably only if it is properly installed, operated and maintained. Many accidents are caused by failing to follow simple and fundamental rules or precautions.

The manufacturer cannot anticipate every possible circumstance that might involve a hazard. The warnings in this manual, and on tags and decals affixed to the unit are, therefore, not all inclusive. If a procedure, work method or operating technique is used that the manufacturer does not specifically recommend, ensure that it is safe for others. Also make sure the procedure, work method or operating technique utilized does not render the generator unsafe.

⚠ DANGER!

⚠ Despite the safe design of this generator, operating this equipment imprudently, neglecting its maintenance or being careless can cause possible injury or death. Permit only responsible and capable persons to install, operate or maintain this equipment.

⚠ Potentially lethal voltages are generated by these machines. Ensure all steps are taken to render the machine safe before attempting to work on the generator.

⚠ Parts of the generator are rotating and/or hot during operation. Exercise care near running generators.

GENERAL HAZARDS

- For safety reasons, the manufacturer recommends that this equipment be installed, serviced and repaired by a Service Dealer or other competent, qualified electrician or installation technician who is familiar with applicable codes, standards and regulations. The operator also must comply with all such codes, standards and regulations.
- Installation, operation, servicing and repair of this (and related) equipment must always comply with applicable codes, standards, laws and regulations. Adhere strictly to local, state and national electrical and building codes. Comply with regulations the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) has established. Also, ensure that the generator is installed, operated and serviced in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations. Following installation, do nothing that might render the unit unsafe or in noncompliance with the aforementioned codes, standards, laws and regulations.

- The engine exhaust fumes contain carbon monoxide gas, which can be DEADLY. This dangerous gas, if breathed in sufficient concentrations, can cause unconsciousness or even death. For that reason, adequate ventilation must be provided. This should be considered prior to installing the generator. The unit should be positioned to direct exhaust gasses safely away from any building where people, animals, etc., will not be harmed. Any exhaust stacks that ship loose with the unit must be installed properly per the manufacturer's instruction, and in strict compliance with applicable codes and standards.
- Keep hands, feet, clothing, etc., away from drive belts, fans, and other moving or hot parts. Never remove any drive belt or fan guard while the unit is operating.
- Adequate, unobstructed flow of cooling and ventilating air is critical in any room or building housing the generator to prevent buildup of explosive gases and to ensure correct generator operation. Do not alter the installation or permit even partial blockage of ventilation provisions, as this can seriously affect safe operation of the generator.
- Keep the area around the generator clean and uncluttered. Remove any materials that could become hazardous.
- When working on this equipment, remain alert at all times. Never work on the equipment when physically or mentally fatigued.
- Inspect the generator regularly, and promptly repair or replace all worn, damaged or defective parts using only factory-approved parts.
- Before performing any maintenance on the generator, disconnect its battery cables to prevent accidental start-up. Disconnect the cable from the battery post indicated by a NEGATIVE, NEG or (–) first. Reconnect that cable last.
- Never use the generator or any of its parts as a step. Stepping on the unit can stress and break parts, and may result in dangerous operating conditions from leaking exhaust gases, fuel leakage, oil leakage, etc.

ELECTRICAL HAZARDS

- All stationary emergency generators covered by this manual produce dangerous electrical voltages and can cause fatal electrical shock. Utility power delivers extremely high and dangerous voltages to the transfer switch as well as the generator. Avoid contact with bare wires, terminals, connections, etc., on the generator as well as the transfer switch, if applicable. Ensure all appropriate covers, guards and barriers are in place before operating the generator. If work must be done around an operating unit, stand on an insulated, dry surface to reduce shock hazard.
- Do not handle any kind of electrical device while standing in water, while barefoot, or while hands or feet are wet. DANGEROUS ELECTRICAL SHOCK MAY RESULT.

Safety Instructions

- If personnel must stand on metal or concrete while installing, operating, servicing, adjusting or repairing this equipment, place insulative mats over a dry wooden platform. Work on the equipment only while standing on such insulative mats.
- The National Electrical Code (NEC) requires the frame and external electrically conductive parts of the generator to be connected to an approved earth ground. This grounding will help prevent dangerous electrical shock that might be caused by a ground fault condition in the generator or by static electricity. Never disconnect the ground wire.
- Wire gauge sizes of electrical wiring, cables and cord sets must be adequate to handle the maximum electrical current (ampacity) to which they will be subjected.
- Before installing or servicing this (and related) equipment, make sure that all power voltage supplies are positively turned off at their source. Failure to do so will result in hazardous and possibly fatal electrical shock.
- Connecting this unit to an electrical system normally supplied by an electric utility shall be by means of a transfer switch so as to isolate the generator electric system from the electric utility distribution system when the generator is operating. Failure to isolate the two electric system power sources from each other by such means will result in damage to the generator and may also result in injury or death to utility power workers due to backfeed of electrical energy.
- Stationary emergency generators installed with an automatic transfer switch will crank and start automatically when normal (utility) source voltage is removed or is below an acceptable preset level. To prevent such automatic start-up and possible injury to personnel, disable the generator's automatic start circuit (battery cables, etc.) before working on or around the unit. Then, place a "Do Not Operate" tag on the generator control panel and on the transfer switch.
- In case of accident caused by electric shock, immediately shut down the source of electrical power. If this is not possible, attempt to free the victim from the live conductor. **AVOID DIRECT CONTACT WITH THE VICTIM.** Use a nonconducting implement, such as a dry rope or board, to free the victim from the live conductor. If the victim is unconscious, apply first aid and get immediate medical help.
- Never wear jewelry when working on this equipment. Jewelry can conduct electricity resulting in electric shock, or may get caught in moving components causing injury.

FIRE HAZARDS

- Keep a fire extinguisher near the generator at all times. Do NOT use any carbon tetra-chloride type extinguisher. Its fumes are toxic, and the liquid can deteriorate wiring insulation. Keep the extinguisher properly charged and be familiar with its use. If there are any questions pertaining to fire extinguishers, consult the local fire department.

EXPLOSION HAZARDS

- Properly ventilate any room or building housing the generator to prevent build-up of explosive gas.
- Do not smoke around the generator. Wipe up any fuel or oil spills immediately. Ensure that no combustible materials are left in the generator compartment, or on or near the generator, as FIRE or EXPLOSION may result. Keep the area surrounding the generator clean and free from debris.
- These generators may operate using one of several types of fuels. All fuel types are potentially FLAMMABLE and/or EXPLOSIVE and should be handled with care. Comply with all laws regulating the storage and handling of fuels. Inspect the unit's fuel system frequently and correct any leaks immediately. Fuel supply lines must be properly installed, purged and leak tested according to applicable fuel-gas codes before placing this equipment into service.
- Diesel fuels are highly FLAMMABLE. Gaseous fluids such as natural gas and liquid propane (LP) gas are extremely EXPLOSIVE. Natural gas is lighter than air, and LP gas is heavier than air; install leak detectors accordingly.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING

Engine exhaust and some of its constituents are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65 WARNING

This product contains or emits chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and other reproductive harm.

General Information

IDENTIFICATION RECORD

DATA LABEL	DATA VALUE
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
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7	7
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98	98
99	99
100	100

Every generator set includes DATA LABEL that contains important information pertinent to the generator. The data label is attached to the lower connection box on the generator and lists the unit serial number, rated voltage, amps, wattage capacity, phase, frequency, rpm, power factor, and production date.

For actual information related to this particular model, please refer to the Manual Drawing Listing located at the end of this manual, or to the data label affixed to the unit.

This number is the key to numerous engineering and manufacturing details pertaining to your unit. Always supply this number when requesting service, ordering parts or seeking information.

GENERATOR UNIT			
GEN MODEL: _____			
MODEL: _____			
SERIAL: _____			
ALTERNATE _____			
PROD DATE: _____			
COUNTRY OF ORIGIN: _____			
GENERATOR DATA			
KW	KVA	HZ	PF
UPSIZE	ALT	KW	KVA
VOLT		/	AMP
ENG RPM		ALT RPM	
BREAKER	KW	AMP	
X"D	X"D		
3 PHASE DELTA			
UNBALANCED LOAD CAPACITY-25%			
ROTOR	STATOR	CLASS	
WINDINGS @	AMBIENT	TEMP	
		MANUF. LOC.	

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

This equipment is a revolving field, alternating current Stationary Emergency Generator. It is powered by a gaseous fueled engine operating at 1800 rpm for 4-pole direct drive units, 3600 rpm for 2-pole direct drive units and 2300 - 3000 rpm for quiet drive gear units. See the Specifications section for exact numbers. The unit comes complete with a sound attenuated enclosure, internally mounted muffler, control console, mainline circuit breaker, battery charger, and protective alarms as explained in the following paragraph.

All AC connections, including the power leads from the alternator, 120 volt battery charger input and control connections to the transfer switch are available in the main connection box.

The Stationary Emergency Generator incorporates the following alternator features:

- Rotor and Stator insulation class is rated as defined by NEMA MG1-32.6, NEMA MG1-1.66. The generator is self ventilated and drip-proof constructed. Refer to the Specifications section or the data label for the class ratings.
- The voltage waveform deviation, total harmonic content of the AC waveform and telephone influence factor have been evaluated and are acceptable according to NEMA MG1-32.

ENGINE OIL RECOMMENDATIONS

The unit has been filled with 5W-20 engine oil at the factory. Use a high-quality detergent oil classified "For Service SJ or SH." Detergent oils keep the engine cleaner and reduce carbon deposits. When changing the engine oil, be sure to use 5W-30 engine oil.

⚠ CAUTION!

- ⚠ Any attempt to crank or start the engine before it has been properly serviced with the recommended oil may result in an engine failure.

NOTE:

If not already equipped, it is strongly recommended to use the optional Cold Weather Start Kit for temperatures below 32° F. The part number for the Cold Weather Start Kit can be found in the Specifications section or by contacting an authorized dealer. The oil grade for temperatures below 32° F is 5W-30 synthetic oil.

COOLANT RECOMMENDATIONS

Use a mixture of half low silicate ethylene glycol base anti-freeze and deionized water. Cooling system capacity is listed in the specifications. Use only deionized water and only low silicate anti-freeze. If desired, add a high quality rust inhibitor to the recommended coolant mixture. When adding coolant, always add the recommended 50-50 mixture.

⚠ CAUTION!

- ⚠ Do not use any chromate base rust inhibitor with ethylene glycol base anti-freeze or chromium hydroxide ("green slime") forms and will cause overheating. Engines that have been operated with a chromate base rust inhibitor must be chemically cleaned before adding ethylene glycol base anti-freeze. Using any high silicate anti-freeze boosters or additives will also cause overheating. The manufacturer also recommends that any soluble oil inhibitor is NOT used for this equipment.

⚠ DANGER!

- ⚠ Do not remove the radiator pressure cap while the engine is hot or serious burns from boiling liquid or steam could result.
- ⚠ Ethylene glycol base antifreeze is poisonous. Do not use mouth to siphon coolant from the radiator, recovery bottle or any container. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Never store used antifreeze in an open container because animals are attracted to the smell and taste of antifreeze even though it is poisonous to them.

ENGINE PROTECTIVE DEVICES

The Stationary Emergency Generator may be required to operate for long periods of time without an operator on hand to monitor such engine conditions as coolant temperature, oil pressure or rpm. For that reason, the engine has several devices designed to protect it against potentially damaging conditions by automatically shutting down the unit when the oil pressure is too low, the coolant temperature is too high, the coolant level is too low, or the engine is running too fast.

NOTE:

Engine protective switches and sensors are mentioned here for the reader's convenience. Also refer to the applicable control panel manual for additional automatic engine shutdown information.

HIGH COOLANT TEMPERATURE SENDER

An analog coolant temperature sender, located in the engine's cooling system will cause an engine shutdown if the temperature should exceed approximately 125° C (257° F). The generator will automatically restart once the temperature has returned to a safe operating level.

LOW COOLANT LEVEL SENSOR

To prevent overheating, the engine has a low coolant level sensor. If the level of engine coolant drops below the level of the low coolant level sensor, the engine automatically shuts down.

LOW OIL PRESSURE SWITCH

This switch has normally closed contacts that are held open by engine oil pressure during cranking and operating. Should oil pressure drop below the 8 psi range, switch contacts close, and the engine shuts down. The unit should not be restarted until oil is added, and the AUTO/OFF/MANUAL switch must be turned to OFF and then back to AUTO.

OVERCRANK SHUTDOWN

After a prespecified duration of cranking, this function ends the cranking if the engine has failed to start. The overcrank message will turn ON. Turn OFF the AUTO/OFF/MANUAL switch, then turn switch back to AUTO to reset the generator control board.

NOTE:

If the fault is not corrected, the overcrank feature will continue to activate.

Approximate Crank Cycle Times

- 15 seconds ON
- 7 seconds OFF
- 7 seconds ON
- 7 seconds OFF
- Repeat for 45 seconds
- Approximately 90 seconds total.

OVERSPEED SHUTDOWN

A speed circuit controls engine cranking, start-up, operation and shutdown. Engine speed signals are delivered to the circuit board whenever the unit is running. Should the engine overspeed above a safe, preset value, the circuit board initiates an automatic engine shutdown. Contact the nearest Authorized Dealer if this failure occurs.

RPM SENSOR LOSS SHUTDOWN

If the speed signal to the control panel is lost, engine shutdown will occur.

DC FUSES

A fuse (7.5 amp) is located on the control panel. It protects the panel components from damaging overload. **Always remove this fuse before commencing work on the generator.** The unit will not start or crank if the fuse is blown.

A fuse (25 amp) is located in the engine wire harness adjacent to the DC alternator. It is used to prevent circuit failure due to DC alternator failure. It will also protect the system in the event of a wiring short-circuit. If this fuse is blown, the generator will not operate. Replace these fuses with the same size, type, and rating.

FUEL SYSTEM

FUEL REQUIREMENTS

The Stationary Emergency Generator may be equipped with one of the following fuel systems:

- Natural gas fuel system
- Propane vapor (LPV) fuel system

Recommended fuels should have a Btu content of at least 1,000 Btu's per cubic foot for natural gas; or at least 2,520 Btu's per cubic foot for LP gas. Ask the fuel supplier for the Btu content of the fuel.

NOTE:

The fuel consumption requirements are identified in the Specifications section of the Owner's Manual. Refer to the Installation Manual if assistance is required for the sizing of the pipe diameter for the generator. Any piping used to connect the generator to the fuel supply should be of adequate size to achieve the 100% load fuel consumption requirements identified in the Specifications section regardless of actual load.

NOTE:

The recommended fuel pressure is identified in the Specifications section this manual.

NOTE:

It is the responsibility of the installer to make sure that only the correct recommended fuel is supplied to the generator fuel system. Thereafter, the owner/operator must make certain that only the proper fuel is supplied.

NATURAL GAS FUEL SYSTEM

Natural gas is supplied in its vapor state. In most cases, the gas distribution company provides piping from the main gas distribution line to the standby generator site. The following information applies to natural gas fuel systems.

- Gas pressure in a building is usually regulated by national, state and local codes.
- To reduce gas pressure to a safe level before the gas enters a building, a primary regulator is needed. The natural gas supplier may or may not supply such a regulator.
- It is the responsibility of the gas supplier to make sure sufficient gas pressure is available to operate the primary regulator.
- Gas pressure at the inlet to the fuel shutoff solenoid must never exceed approximately 14 inches water column (0.5 psi).

PROPANE VAPOR WITHDRAWAL FUEL SYSTEM

This type of system utilizes the vapors formed above the liquid fuel in the supply tank. Approximately 10 to 20 percent of the tank capacity is needed for fuel expansion from the liquid to the vapor state. The vapor withdrawal system is generally best suited for smaller engines that require less fuel. The installer should be aware of the following:

- When ambient temperatures are low and engine fuel consumption is high, the vapor withdrawal system may not function efficiently.
- Ambient temperatures around the supply tank must be high enough to sustain adequate vaporization, or the system will not deliver the needed fuel volume.
- In addition to the cooling effects of ambient air, the vaporization process itself provides an additional cooling effect.

Specifications

SPECIFICATIONS

GENERATOR

Type.....Synchronous
Rotor Insulation..... Class H
Stator Insulation..... Class H
Telephone Interference Factor (TIF) < 50
Alternator Output Leads 3-phase 6-wire
Bearings Sealed Ball
Coupling Flexible Disc
Load Capacity (Standby Rating) 60 kW*

* NOTE: Generator rating and performance in accordance with ISO8528-5, BS5514, SAE J1349, ISO3046 and DIN 6271 Standards. kW rating is based on LPG fuel and may derate with natural gas.

Excitation System Direct
Generator Output Voltage/kW - 60 Hz

	kW	Amp	CB Size
120/240 V, 1-phase, 1.0 pf	60	250	300
120/208 V, 3-phase, 0.8 pf	60	208	250
120/240 V, 3-phase, 0.8 pf	60	180	200
277/480 V, 3-phase, 0.8 pf	60	90	100

Generator Locked Rotor kVA Available @ Voltage Dip of 35%
Single-phase or 208 V, 3-phase 120 kVA
480 V, 3-phase 141 kVA

ENGINE

Make Generac
Model In Line
Cylinders and Arrangement 4
Displacement 2.4 Liter
Bore 86.5 mm (3.41 in.)
Stroke 100 mm (3.94 in.)
Compression Ratio 9.5-to-1
Air Intake System Turbocharged/Aftercooled
Valve Seats Hardened
Lifter Type Hydraulic
Spark Plug Gap 0.71 mm (0.028 inch)

Engine Parameters
Rated Synchronous rpm 60 Hz, 3600

Exhaust System
Exhaust Flow at Rated Output 60 Hz 494 cfm
Exhaust Temp. at Rated Output 1050 °F

Combustion Air Requirements (Natural Gas)
Flow at rated power, 60 Hz 180 cfm

Governor
Type Electronic
Frequency Regulation Isochronous
Steady State Regulation ± 0.25%

Engine Lubrication System

Type of Oil Pump Gear
Oil Filter Full Flow Spin-on, Cartridge
Crankcase Oil Capacity 5.25 U.S. qts. (including filter capacity)

COOLING SYSTEM

Type Pressurized Closed Recovery
Water Pump Belt Driven
Fan Speed 2100 rpm
Fan Diameter 22 inches
Fan Mode Puller
Air Flow (inlet air including alternator and combustion air) 3280 ft³/min.
Coolant Capacity 2.5 U.S. gal.
Heat Rejection to Coolant 270,000 Btu/h
Maximum Operating Air Temp. on Radiator 60 °C (150 °F)
Maximum Ambient Temperature 50 °C (140 °F)

FUEL SYSTEM

Type of Fuel Natural Gas, Propane Vapor
Carburetor Down Draft
Secondary Fuel Regulator Standard
Fuel Shut-off Solenoid Standard
Operating Fuel Pressure 5 in. - 14 in. Water Column

Fuel Consumption - ft³/hr (Natural Gas/LPV)

Exercise Cycle	25% Load	50% Load	75% Load	100% Load
123/49.3	267/101	483/183	672/255	862/327

ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Battery Charge Alternator 12 V, 30 Amp
Static Battery Charger 2.5 Amp
Recommended Battery Group 26, 525CCA
System Voltage 12 Volts

NOTE:

Battery dimensions (L x W x H) for the Group 26 battery should not exceed 8 3/16" x 6 13/16" x 7 3/4" (208 mm x 173 mm x 197 mm).

Voltage Regulator

Type Electronic
Sensing Single-phase
Regulation ± 1%
Features Adjustable Voltage and Gain

Power Adjustment for Ambient Conditions

Temperature Deration
3% for every 10° C above °C 25
1.65% for every 10° above °F 77
Altitude Deration
1% for every 100 m above m 915
3% for every 1000 ft. above ft. 3000

Controller Nexus

WEATHER AND MAINTENANCE KITS

To keep the generator running at its peak, the following kits are offered:

- Cold Weather Kit
 - ~ Recommended for climates with temperatures below 32 °F.
- Extreme Cold Weather Kit
 - ~ Recommended Block Heater Kit for protection in temperatures below 32 °F.
- Scheduled Maintenance Kit
 - ~ Kit includes the recommended parts to maintain the generator. Refer to the Service Schedule for regular maintenance intervals.

For additional information, or to order any of these kits, please contact an Authorized Service Dealer or Customer Service Representative.

ALTERNATOR AC LEAD CONNECTIONS

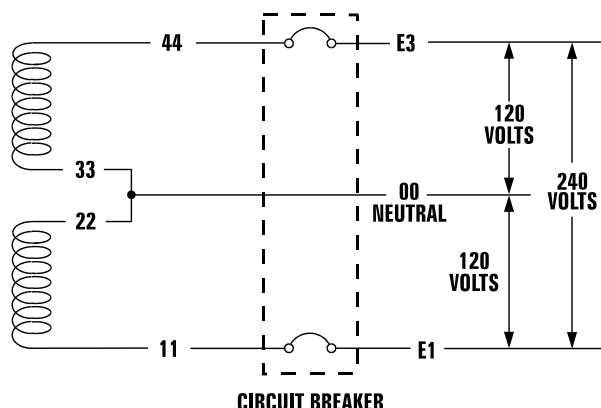
The electrical wires in the unit's AC connection (lower) panel should be installed according to the number of leads and the voltage/phase required for the application. The voltage and phase are described on the generator data label. The number of lead wires can be identified using the Specifications section and the power output rating on the generator data label. For example, if the generator produces 130kW, 277/480 Volt, 3-phase power, the generator has 12 alternator output leads. Figure 7.3 describes the stator power winding connection for the generator.

FOUR-LEAD, SINGLE-PHASE STATOR

Four-lead alternators (see Figure 7.1) are designed to supply electrical loads with voltage code "A" (240V, 1-phase, 60 Hz). Electrical power is produced in the stator power windings. These windings were connected at the factory to the main circuit breaker as shown in Figure 7.1.

The rated voltage between each circuit breaker terminal is 240V. The rated voltage between each circuit breaker terminal and the neutral point 00 is 120V.

Figure 7.1 — Four-lead, Single-phase Stator



ALTERNATOR POWER WINDING CONNECTIONS

3-PHASE ALTERNATORS ("Y" CONFIGURATION)

The Stationary Emergency Generator is designed to supply 3-phase electrical loads. Electric power is produced in the alternator power windings. These windings were connected at the factory to the main circuit breaker with a "Y" configuration as shown in Figures 7.2 through 7.6.

The rated voltage between circuit breaker terminals E1-E2, E1-E3 and E2-E3 is 480V, 208V or 600V depending on the model.

The rated voltage between each circuit breaker terminal and the neutral point 00 is 277V, 120V, or 346V depending on the model.

Figure 7.2 — Stator Power Winding Connections - 3-phase, 277/480V (6 Lead)

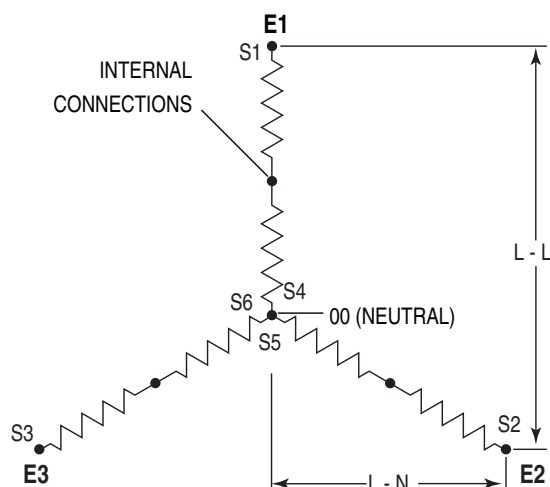


Figure 7.3 — Stator Power Winding Connections - 3-phase, 277/480V (12 Lead)

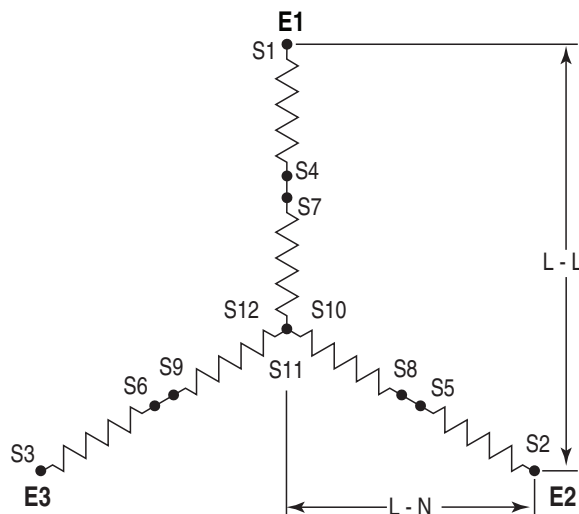


Figure 7.4 — Stator Power Winding Connections - 3-phase, 120/208V (6 Lead)

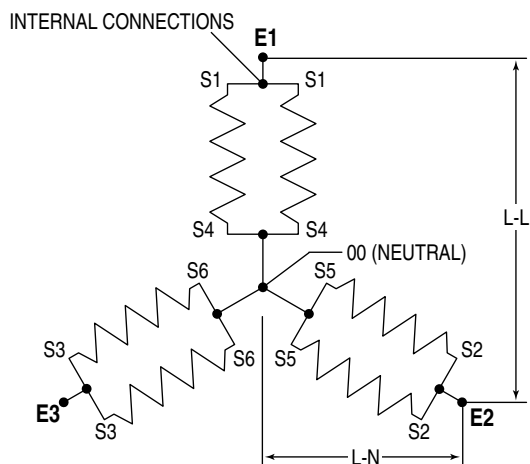


Figure 7.5 — Stator Power Winding Connections - 3-phase, 120/208V (12 Lead)

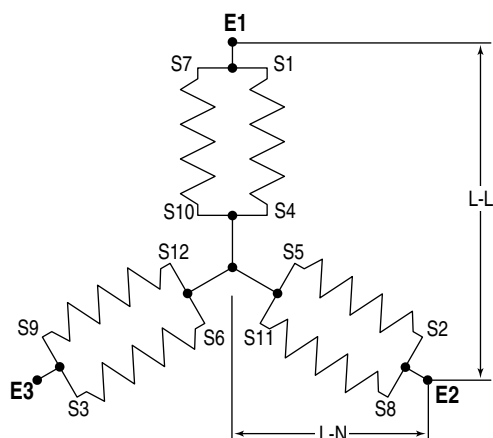
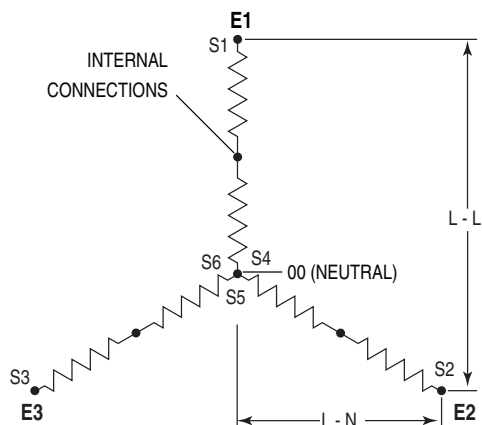


Figure 7.6 — Stator Power Winding Connections - 3-phase, 346/600V (6 Lead)



3-PHASE ALTERNATORS ("DELTA" CONFIGURATION)

The Stationary Emergency Generator is designed to supply 3-phase electrical loads. Electric power is produced in the alternator power windings. These windings were connected at the factory to the main circuit breaker with a "Delta" configuration as shown in Figures 7.7 and 7.8.

The rated voltage between circuit breaker terminals E1-E2, E1-E3 and E2-E3 is 240V.

The rated voltage between E2 and the neutral point 00 is 208V. The rated voltage E1-00 and E3-00 is approximately 120V.

NOTE: The voltage measured from E2 to 00 can greatly vary when single phase load is placed on alternator.

Figure 7.7 — Stator Power Winding Connections - 3-phase, 120/240V (6 Lead)

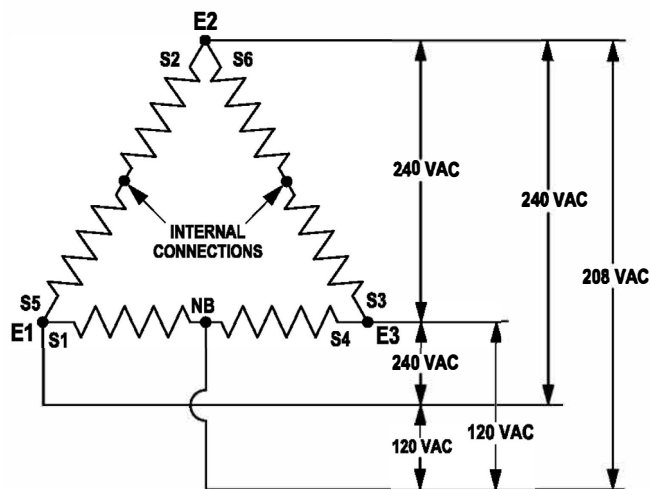
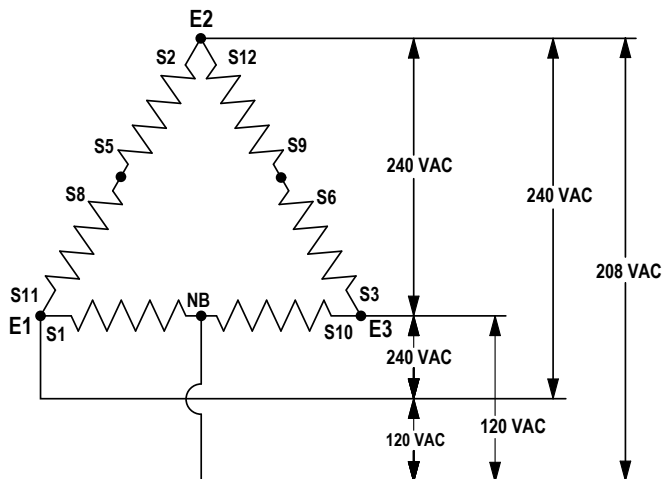


Figure 7.8 — Stator Power Winding Connections - 3-phase, 120/240V (12 Lead)



CONTROL PANEL INTERFACE

USING THE AUTO/OFF/MANUAL SWITCH

⚠ WARNING!

⚠ With the switch set to AUTO, the engine may crank and start at any time without warning. Such automatic starting occurs when utility power source voltage drops below a preset level or during the normal exercise cycle. To prevent possible injury that might be caused by such sudden starts, always set the switch to OFF and remove the fuse before working on or around the generator or transfer switch. Then, place a “DO NOT OPERATE” tag on the generator panel and on the transfer switch.

1. “AUTO” Position – Selecting this switch activates fully automatic system operation. It also allows the unit to automatically start and exercise the engine every seven days with the setting of the exercise timer (see the Setting the Exercise Timer section).
2. “OFF” Position – This switch position shuts down the engine. This position also prevents automatic operation.
3. “MANUAL” Position – Set the switch to MANUAL to crank and start the engine. Transfer to standby power will not occur unless there is a utility failure.

ACTIVATE THE GENERATOR

When battery power is applied to the generator during the installation process, the controller will turn ON and the LCD screen will illuminate. However, the generator still needs to be activated before it will automatically run in the event of a power outage.

Activating the generator is a simple one time process that is guided by the controller screen prompts. Once the product is activated, the controller screen will not prompt you again, even if you disconnect the generator battery.

To obtain the activation code, record the generator serial number and log onto www.activategen.com or call 1-888-9ACTIVATE and follow the steps to retrieve the activation code.

After obtaining your activation code, please complete the following steps at the generator’s control panel in the Activation Chart on the following page.

NOTE:

The generator will only run in manual until the passcode has been entered.

Upon power up, this controller will go through a system self test which will check for the presence of utility voltage on the DC circuits. This is done to prevent damage if the installer mistakenly connects AC utility power sense wires into the DC terminal block. If utility voltage is detected, the controller will display a warning message and lock out the generator, preventing damage to the controller. Power to the controller must be removed to clear this warning.

Utility voltage must be turned on and present at the N1 and N2 terminals inside the generator control panel for this test to be performed and pass.

NOTE:

DAMAGE CAUSED BY MISWIRING OF THE INTERCONNECT WIRES IS NOT WARRANTABLE!

This test will be performed each time the controller is powered up.

Next, the user must enter the minimum settings to operate. These settings are current date and time and exercise day and time. The maintenance intervals will be initialized (i.e. started) the first time the clock is set. If the clock is never set at power up, the maintenance intervals will be reset every time power is applied.

If a subsequent power loss (loss of battery power) occurs the Installation assistant will operate upon power restoration. The self test routine will be run and then the customer will be required to re-enter the time and date, as this is not retained during a power loss. The unit will not require re-activation.

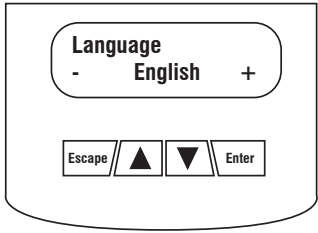
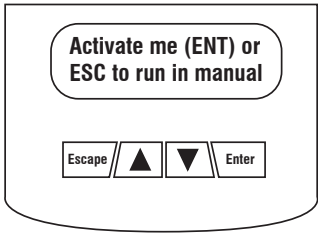
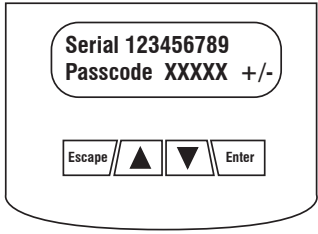
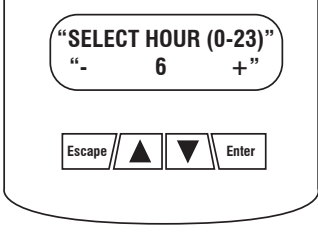
DISPLAY INTERFACE MENUS

The LCD display is organized as detailed below:

- The “Home” page, this page is the default page which will be displayed if no keys are pressed for 30 seconds. This page normally shows the current Status message and the current date and time. The highest priority active Alarm and/or Warning will be automatically posted on this page as well as flashing the backlight when such an event is detected. In the case of multiple Alarms or Warnings, only the first message will be displayed. To clear an Alarm or Warning, see the Protection Systems section - Clear Alarm.
- The display backlight is normally off. If the user presses any key, the backlight will come on automatically and remain on for 30 seconds after the last key was pressed.
- The “Main Menu” page will allow the user to navigate to all other pages or sub-menus by using the Left/Right and Enter keys. This page can be accessed at any time with several presses of the dedicated Escape key. Each press of the Escape key takes you back to the previous menu until the main menu is reached. This page displays the following options: HISTORY; STATUS; EDIT; AND DEBUG. (See the Appendix - “Menu System”).

Control Panel

ACTIVATION CHART

CHOOSE LANGUAGE		TROUBLESHOOTING
Display Reads: 	Use ARROW keys to scroll to desired language. Press ENTER to select.	If the wrong language is chosen, it can be changed later using the “edit” menu.
Display Reads: 	Press ENTER to begin the activation process.	If ESCAPE is pressed instead of ENTER, your generator will only run in manual mode (for test purposes) and NOT ACTIVATED will be displayed. You will need to remove the generator control panel fuse AND disconnect the T1, N1 and N2 connector in the external connection box (if equipped); or disconnect utility input (main breaker) to the transfer switch for 3-5 seconds and reconnect, then begin with Step 1.
Display Reads: 	If you do not have your activation code, go to www.activategen.com or call 1-888-9ACTIVATE (922-8482). If you already have your activation code, wait 3-5 seconds for the next display.	
ENTER ACTIVATION CODE (Passcode)		TROUBLESHOOTING
Display Reads: 	Use ARROW keys to scroll and find the first number of your Activation Code. Press ENTER to select. Repeat this step until all digits have been entered. Use ESCAPE to correct previous digits.	
Display Reads: 	Activation is complete when all digits are entered above and your screen shows this display. Follow the controller prompts to continue setting the time function. Refer to your Owner's Manual with questions.	What happens if “Wrong Passcode Try Again” appears? Re-enter the activation code. If a second attempt is unsuccessful, check the number against the code given on activategen.com. If it is correct and the generator will not accept it, contact 1-888-9ACTIVATE (922-8482).

INSTALLATION ASSISTANT

Interconnect System Self Test Feature (follow the on-screen prompts).

Upon power up, this controller will go through a system self test which will check for the presence of utility voltage on the DC circuits. This is done to prevent damage if the installer mistakenly connects AC utility power sense wires into the DC terminal block. If utility voltage is detected, the controller will display a warning message and lock out the generator, preventing damage to the controller. Power to the controller must be removed to clear this warning.

Utility voltage must be turned on and present at the N1 and N2 terminals inside the generator control panel for this test to be performed and pass.

NOTE:

DAMAGE CAUSED BY MISWIRING OF THE INTERCONNECT WIRES IS NOT WARRANTABLE!

This test will be performed each time the controller is powered up.

Upon first power up of the generator, the display interface will begin an installation assistant. The assistant will prompt the user to set the minimum settings to operate. These settings are simply: Current Date/Time and Exercise Day/Time. The maintenance intervals will be initialized when the exercise time is entered.

The exercise settings can be changed at any time via the "EDIT" menu (see Appendix, "Menu System").

If the 12 volt battery is disconnected or the fuse removed, the Installation Assistant will operate upon power restoration. The only difference is the display will only prompt the customer for the current Time and Date.

IF THE INSTALLER TESTS THE GENERATOR PRIOR TO INSTALLATION, PRESS THE "ENTER" KEY TO AVOID SETTING UP THE EXERCISE TIME. THIS WILL ENSURE THAT WHEN THE CUSTOMER POWERS UP THE UNIT, HE WILL STILL BE PROMPTED TO ENTER AN EXERCISE TIME.

SETTING THE EXERCISE TIMER

This generator is equipped with an exercise timer. Once it is set, the generator will start and exercise every seven days, on the day of the week and at the time of day specified. During this exercise period, the unit runs for approximately 12 minutes and then shuts down. Transfer of loads to the generator output does not occur during the exercise cycle unless utility power is lost.

LOW SPEED EXERCISE

The standard start sequence will be initiated.

- All 1800 rpm units will exercise at 1400 RPM
- All 3600 rpm units will exercise at 1800 RPM

If utility is lost during exercise the controller will do the following:

- Wait for the "line interrupt period" for utility to return. If utility returns within the "line interrupt period", continue to exercise at low RPM.

- If utility is still lost after the "line interrupt period", run the engine up to normal RPM and transfer the load. At this time the controller will exit the exercise routine and assume full automatic operation.

USER ADJUSTABLE SETTINGS

Setting	Factory Default	Minimum Setting	Maximum Setting	Increment
Exercise time	2 pm	00:00 (12 am)	23:59 (11:59 pm)	1 min
Exercise day	Wed	Sun	Sat	1 day
Current Time	12 am	00:00 (12 am)	23:59 (11:59 pm)	1 min
Current Day	Sun	Sun	Sat	1 day
Current Month	Jan	Jan	Dec	1 month
Current Year	2008	2008	2100	1 year
Language	English	French	Spanish	N/A
Contrast	80%	0%	100%	1%

FUEL CONVERSION

For fuel conversion steps, refer to the GenSpec section, RECONFIGURING THE FUEL SYSTEM.

OPERATION

This system is intended to supply standby power in the event of a utility failure. The control system will monitor the utility voltage to determine if stand-by power is required. Should the utility voltage fail, the generator will start and run normally, detaching from the utility and supplying the customer load from the generator. When utility power returns, the controller will re-transfer the customer load back to utility and shut down the generator.

AUTOMATIC TRANSFER OPERATION

To select automatic operation, do the following:

1. Make sure the transfer switch main contacts are set to their UTILITY position, i.e., loads connected to the utility power source.
2. Be sure that normal UTILITY power source voltage is available to transfer switch terminal lugs N1 and N2 (Refer to the Electrical Data section).
3. Set the generator's AUTO/OFF/MANUAL switch to AUTO.
4. Set the generator's main circuit breaker to its ON (or CLOSED) position.

With the preceding steps complete, the generator will start automatically when utility source voltage drops below a preset level. After the unit starts, loads are transferred to the standby power source. Refer to the Sequence of Automatic Operation section.

SEQUENCE OF AUTOMATIC OPERATION

Initial Conditions: Generator in Auto ready to run, load being supplied by the Utility Source through the transfer switch.

1. When the utility voltage fails (falls below 60% of nominal), a 10-30 second (programmable) "line interrupt" delay timer is started. The factory set time delay is 10 seconds. If at the end of the line interrupt time the utility voltage is above 60% the engine will not crank. If the utility voltage is still below the 60% of nominal at the end of the line interrupt time, the unit will crank and start. If the unit cranks for more than 10 seconds and the utility voltage rises above 80% of nominal (programmed pickup voltage) and the unit has not started, the crank cycle will abort.
2. As soon as the unit starts a 5 second "warm-up" timer is initiated. When the warm-up timer expires the control will transfer the load to the generator (through the RTS switch) if the utility voltage is less than 80% of nominal. If the utility voltage is greater than the 80% of nominal at the end of the warm-up time the load will not be transferred to the generator and a one minute low-speed cool down period will start. At the end of the one minute cool down period the generator will stop.
3. Once the unit is running and the switch has transferred the load to the generator the unit will monitor utility voltage. When utility voltage returns (above the programmable pickup voltage, normally 80% of nominal), a 15 second "Return to Utility" timer will start. At the end of the return to utility time, if the utility voltage is still above the pickup voltage, the unit will transfer the load back to the utility source and run the unit through a one minute cool down period. When the cool down period is over the unit will shut down and be ready for the next outage.
4. If during the cool down period utility voltage should fall below 60% of nominal the 5 second warm-up timer is initiated and the unit will transfer the load back to the generator and continue to monitor the utility.

CRANK CYCLES AND OVERCRANK SHUTDOWN

If the unit fails to start during a cranking period it will display the Overcrank Shutdown Alarm. The system will control the cranking cycles as follows:

The first crank cycle is a 16 second crank time followed by a 7 second rest. The next 5 cycles will be 7 seconds of cranking time each followed by a 7 second rest time.

If the unit fails to start by the end of the 6 crank/rest cycles the Overcrank Shutdown Alarm will display and the unit will not attempt to crank until the alarm is reset.

AUTO START

This unit is designed to automatically start in the event of a utility failure or brown out condition. Brown out is defined as utility voltage less than 60% nominal, while utility is considered good when it is restored to at least the pickup value, 80% of nominal. These levels are fixed. The "Line Interrupt period" is an adjustable parameter by the dealer. If 2-wire start mode is activated, the unit will start when 2-wire start is active.

MANUAL START

Allows the user to start and run the generator manually.

Transfer of the load to the generator will occur if utility is lost while the unit is running in the manual mode (only if activated).

ALARM AND WARNING MESSAGES

Alarms are defined as "Latching" which means they must be cleared before the alarm message on the screen will clear. They can be of type "Shutdown" or not and are logged in the alarm log. Alarms are all annunciated on the display).

Warnings are "Non Latching" meaning the message automatically clears when the warning condition goes away. Warnings can not be of type "Shutdown" but they are logged in the alarm log. Warnings are all annunciated on the display.

LOW OIL PRESSURE SHUTDOWN ALARM

There is a 10 second delay before oil pressure is monitored.

HIGH COOLANT TEMPERATURE SHUTDOWN ALARM

There is a 10 second delay before engine temperature is monitored.

Once running there is a 1/4 second delay before shut down. The limit is set at 125° C or 257° F.

OVERCRANK SHUTDOWN ALARM

Occurs if the engine has not started within the specified crank cycle.

OVERSPEED SHUTDOWN ALARM

Warning indicator is measured and calculated by the microprocessor. Overspeed is defined as +20% of nominal engine speed for 3 seconds, or +25% immediate.

Nominal engine speed = 60.0 Hz

RPM SENSOR FAILURE SHUTDOWN ALARM

During cranking: If the board does not see a valid RPM signal within four (4) seconds of cranking it will shut down and lock out on RPM sensor loss.

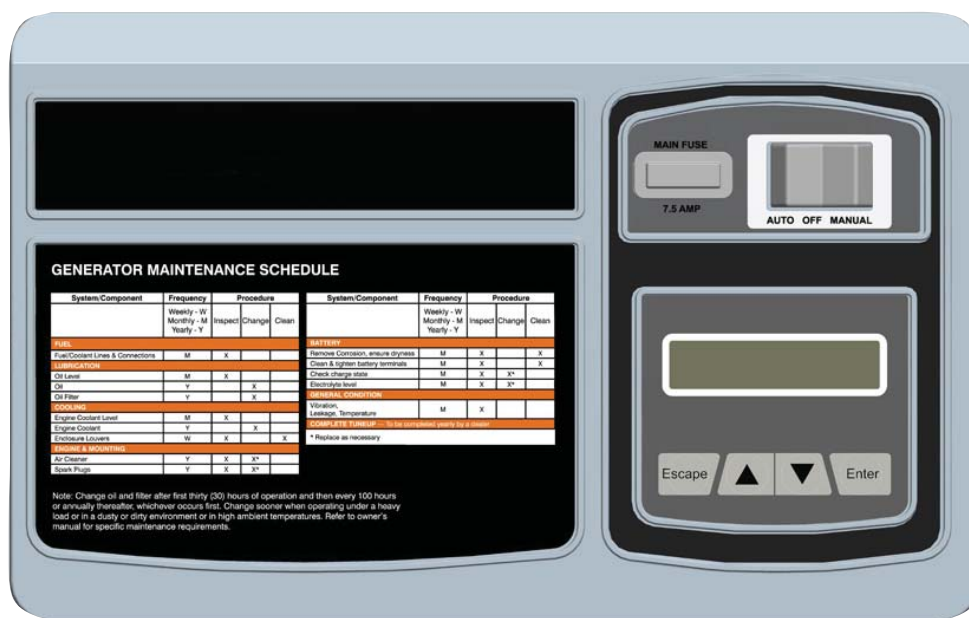
During running: If the RPM signal is lost for one full second the board will shut the engine down, wait 15 seconds, then re-crank the engine if in AUTO, it will not re-crank in MANUAL.

If no RPM signal is detected within the first four (4) seconds of cranking, the control board will shut the engine down and latch out on RPM sensor loss.

If the RPM signal is detected the engine will start and run normally. If the RPM signal is subsequently lost the control board will try two more re-cranks before latching out and flashing the RPM Sensor Failure message (if it is in AUTO).

Control Panel

Figure 1 – Generator Control Panel



CHECK ENGINE MESSAGE

The control system has detected an emissions related fault. This fault cannot be cleared using the control panel interface. The unit will continue to operate in automatic mode. Contact your local servicing dealer.

UNDER-FREQUENCY SHUTDOWN ALARM

After starting, if the generator stays under frequency for more than 30 seconds, it will shutdown.

LOW BATTERY ALARM

While running, if the average battery voltage falls below 11.9 volts for one (1) minute, the low battery alarm will be displayed.

LOW BATTERY WARNING

The microprocessor will continually monitor the battery voltage and display the Low Battery Voltage message if the battery voltage falls below 12.2 Volts for one (1) minute.

No other action is taken on a low battery warning condition. The warning will automatically clear if the battery voltage rises above 12.2 volts.

NOTE:

The battery sentinel is a separate feature that monitors battery condition.

LOW COOLANT LEVEL ALARM

This is a shutdown alarm. The sensor will be continuously monitored. If an error condition is seen for five (5) consecutive seconds, the alarm will be displayed.

MISSING CAM PULSE ALARM

This is a shutdown alarm. The alarm will activate after five (5) seconds of continuously missing cam pulses.

MISSING CRANK PULSE ALARM

This is a shutdown alarm. The alarm will activate after 12 consecutive revs where crank pulses are missing.

LOW FUEL PRESSURE WARNING

Fuel pressure is monitored by a digital sensor with a fixed setpoint of below five (5) inches water column.

GOVERNOR SENSOR FAULT ALARM

The governor position is monitored by an analog feedback signal. If the throttle position is seen outside of the normal operating range, a shutdown alarm is displayed. If the throttle is commanded to move, and no movement is seen, a shutdown alarm is displayed.

WIRING ERROR ALARM

When power is first applied to the controller, the software will perform a check on the wiring of the transfer output, and ensure it does not have high voltage on the wire. If this is the case, it will signal a miswire alarm and will not run. The test can be skipped by use of the escape key.

UNDERVOLTAGE ALARM

If the generator voltage falls below 60% for >5 seconds, an alarm will be issued.

Control Panel

OVERVOLTAGE ALARM

If the generator voltage rises above 110% for >3 seconds, an alarm will be issued.

If the generator voltage rises above 130% for >0.2 seconds, an alarm will be issued.

INTERNAL FAILURE SHUTDOWN ALARM

Any internal failure that can be detected such as corrupted firmware will cause this shutdown alarm. This alarm cannot be cleared.

CANBUS ALARM

Where applicable, if the Canbus communications link fails to communicate, a “Canbus Alarm” will be generated. This only applies to systems with external ignition modules. The alarm may be generated if:

1. The physical link is broken.
2. The Ignition Module fails or resets.
3. The Nexus Controller fails or resets.
4. Having the Battery Chargers 120 VAC connected without a battery installed.
5. A blown 10 amp Ignition Module fuse (approximately 12 inches away from the starter).
6. A blown 25 amp system fuse (located approximately 12 inches away from the DC alternator).

NOTE:

The “Canbus Alarm” will not clear on its own. To clear the alarm, press the “enter” key to acknowledge the alarm. The alarm will clear and if the fault is still present, the alarm will reoccur.

IGNITION ALARM

When an ignition alarm occurs, a generic message “Ignition Fault” will be displayed as the fault code.

MAINTENANCE WARNING

When a maintenance period expires, a warning message will be posted. The warning can be reset by hitting the Enter key. Resetting will clear the warning and reset the maintenance counters for the condition annunciated. The history log will reflect the maintenance warning.

ALARM CANCEL

When the generator is shut down due to a latching alarm, the Auto /Off/ Manual switch must be set to the off position and the ENTER key pressed to unlatch any active fault and clear the corresponding fault alarm message.

COMMON ALARM RELAY

The common alarm relay will be activated if there is a shutdown alarm. It will not activate on warnings or indicate that the Auto/Off/ Manual switch is in the OFF position. The OFF position will clear the alarms and the relay. The relay will not be used to indicate a generator is not activated.

The common alarm connections are wired to a set of potential-free (dry) contacts on the Nexus controller board. These Normally Open (N.O.) contacts close when an alarm condition occurs and are used to activate a remote signaling device. The circuit is rated for a maximum of 130mA at 24 VDC. The connections are a short set of free hanging wires that exit the engine harness loom directly behind the Nexus Control Panel and are labeled numbers 209 and 210.

MAINTENANCE ALERTS

Maintenance alerts will be provided for these conditions.

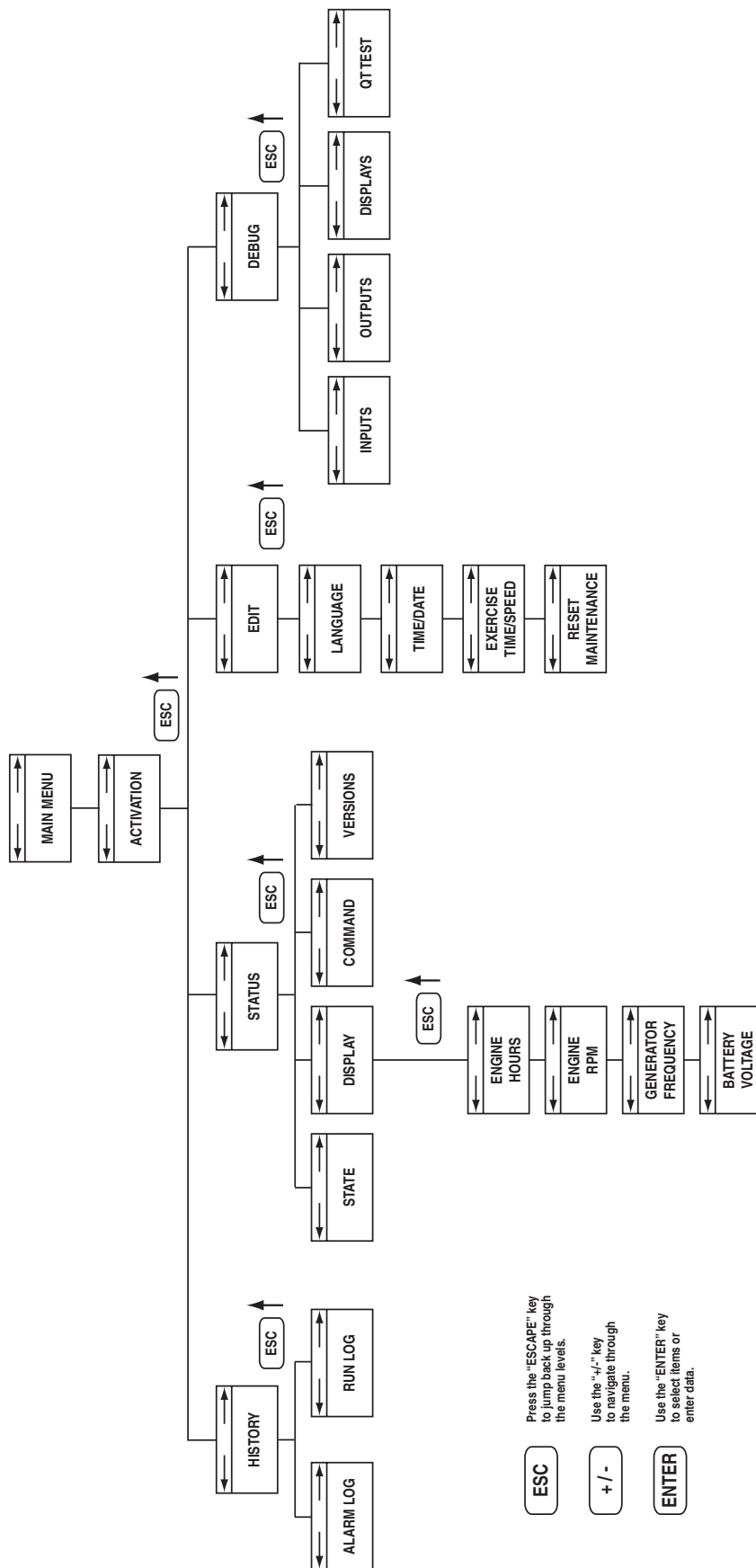
SERVICE SCHEDULE ‘A’

Inspect Accessory Drive Alert	1yr / 100hrs*
Coolant Change & Flush	1yr / 100hrs
Inspect Spark Plugs Alert	1yr / 100hrs
Change Oil & Filter Alert	1yr / 100hrs*
Inspect Battery Alert	1yr / 100hrs
Change / Inspect Air Filter Alert	1yr / 100hrs
Clean/Inspect Air Inlet & Exhaust	6mo / 50hrs*
* Items require a 3 month / 30 hour break-in change or check.	

SERVICE SCHEDULE ‘B’

Change / Inspect spark plugs alert	2yr/ 250hr
------------------------------------	------------

MENU SYSTEM



ESC Press the "ESCAPE" key to jump back up through the menu levels.

+ / - Use the "+/-" key to navigate through the menu.

ENTER Use the "ENTER" key to select items or enter data.

STATIONARY EMERGENCY GENERATOR CONTROL AND OPERATION

Refer to the appropriate control panel operator's manual for this unit.

OPERATING UNIT WITH MANUAL TRANSFER SWITCH

If the Stationary Emergency Generator was installed in conjunction with a transfer switch capable of manual operation only, the following procedure applies. A manually operated transfer switch is one that will not provide automatic start-up and does not include an intelligence circuit.

ENGINE START-UP AND TRANSFER

For additional information, refer to the applicable control panel manual for this unit, as well as any literature pertaining to the specific transfer switch.

⚠ DANGER!

⚠ The Maintenance Disconnect Switch and the AUTO/OFF/MANUAL switches (if so equipped) must be set properly, or the generator will crank and start as soon as the utility power to the transfer switch is turned off. Refer to applicable control panel and transfer switch manuals for more information.

⚠ Do not proceed until certain that utility source voltage is available to the transfer switch and the transfer switch main contacts are set to UTILITY.

⚠ Do not attempt manual operation until all power supplies to the transfer switch have been positively turned off, or extremely dangerous - possibly lethal - electrical shock will result.

⚠ Transfer switch enclosure doors should be kept closed and locked. Only authorized personnel should be allowed access to the transfer switch interior. Extremely high and dangerous voltages are present in the transfer switch.

In order to transfer load from the utility source to the generator, follow these directions:

- Turn OFF or disconnect the utility power circuit to the transfer switch, using the means provided (such as the utility source main line circuit breaker).
- Set the transfer handle to its UTILITY (NORMAL) position with load circuits connected to the utility power supply.
- Set the generator's main line circuit breaker to its OFF (or OPEN) position.
- Start the generator.

⚠ CAUTION!

⚠ Do not crank the engine continuously for longer than 30 seconds, or the heat may damage the starter motor.

- Let engine stabilize and warm up.
- Check all applicable instrument and gauge readings. When certain that all readings are correct, move the transfer switch manual handle to the STANDBY (or EMERGENCY STANDBY) position, i.e., load circuits supplied by the generator.
- Set the generator's main line circuit breaker to its ON (or CLOSED) position.
- Load circuits are now powered by the generator.

RETRANSFER AND SHUTDOWN

For additional information, refer to the applicable control panel manual for this unit, as well as any literature pertaining to the specific transfer switch.

To transfer the load back to the utility power source and shut down the generator, follow these directions:

- Set the generator's main line circuit breaker to its OFF (or OPEN) position.
- Manually move the transfer switch handle to its UTILITY (NORMAL) position, i.e., load circuits connected to the utility.
- Turn ON the utility power supply to the transfer switch, using the means provided (such as the utility power source main line circuit breaker).
- Let the generator run at no-load for a few minutes to stabilize internal temperatures.
- Shut down the generator.

OPERATING UNIT WITH AUTOMATIC TRANSFER SWITCH

If the Stationary Emergency Generator has been installed with an automatic transfer switch, the engine may be started and stopped automatically or manually.

NOTE:

Refer to the applicable manual for your transfer switch and to "Transfer Switch Start Signal Connections". In addition, please note the dangers under "Engine Start-up and Transfer."

GENERAL MAINTENANCE

⚠ WARNING!

⚡ Before working on the Stationary Emergency Generator, ensure the following:

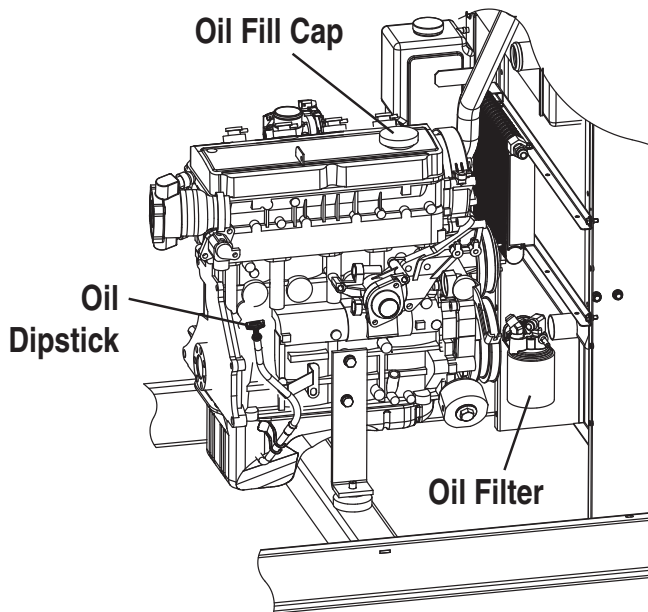
- The AUTO/OFF/MANUAL switch is in the OFF position.
- The control panel fuse has been removed from the control box.
- The 120VAC supply to the battery charger is switched OFF.
- The negative battery cable has been removed.

CHECK ENGINE OIL

Check engine crankcase oil level (Figure 10.1) according to the Service Schedule and SIB10-10-L24G.

- Remove oil dipstick and wipe dry with a clean, lint-free cloth.
- Install oil dipstick, then remove again.
- Oil should be between FULL and ADD marks.
- If oil level is below the dipstick ADD mark, remove oil fill cap-. Add the recommended oil to bring oil level up to the FULL mark. DO NOT FILL ABOVE THE "FULL" MARK. See "Engine Oil Recommendations" for recommended oils.

Figure 10.1 - Oil Dipstick and Oil Fill Cap



CHANGING ENGINE OIL

⚠ CAUTION!

⚡ Hot oil may cause burns. Allow engine to cool before draining oil. Avoid prolonged or repeated skin exposure with used oil. Thoroughly wash exposed areas with soap.

Refer to the Service Schedule for engine oil and filter change frequencies.

Drain the oil while the engine is still warm from running. This means warm up the engine, shut it down and drain immediately as follows:

1. Remove the drain hose from its retaining clip or cut the zip-tie securing the oil drain hose.
2. Loosen and remove OIL DRAIN HOSE CAP. Drain oil completely into suitable container.
3. When all oil has drained, install and tighten OIL DRAIN HOSE CAP and secure drain hose with a new zip-tie, or place the hose in its retaining clip.
4. Turn OIL FILTER (Figure 10.1) counterclockwise and remove. Properly dispose of old filter.
5. Apply light coating of new engine oil to seal of new oil filter. Install FILTER and tighten by hand only. DO NOT OVER TIGHTEN.
6. Remove OIL FILL CAP and add recommended oil. Crankcase oil capacity is listed in the "Specifications" section.

⚠ CAUTION!

⚡ After refilling the crankcase with oil, always check oil level on dipstick. NEVER OPERATE ENGINE WITH OIL BELOW THE DIPSTICK "ADD" MARK.

7. Start engine and check for oil leaks.
8. Shut OFF engine and wait 10 minutes for the oil to settle down into the oil pan. Recheck oil level on dipstick. DO NOT fill above the dipstick "FULL" mark.
9. Dispose of used oil at a proper collection center.

COOLING INTAKE/OUTLET

Air intake and outlet openings in the generator compartment must be open and unobstructed for continued proper operation. This includes such obstructions as high grass, weeds, brush, leaves and snow.

Without sufficient cooling and ventilating air flow, the engine/generator quickly overheats, which causes it to shut down. (See the installation diagram.)

⚠ WARNING!

⚡ The exhaust system parts from this product get extremely hot and remains hot after shutdown. High grass, weeds, brush, leaves, etc. must remain clear of the exhaust. Such materials may ignite and burn from the heat of the exhaust system.

INSPECT COOLING SYSTEM

- Inspect engine cooling system. See the Service Schedule.
- Check hoses for damage, deterioration, leaks, etc. Correct any discrepancies found.
- Check hose clamps for tightness.

ENGINE COOLANT

Check coolant level in coolant recovery bottle. See the Specifications and Service Schedule sections.

- Add recommended coolant mixture as necessary.
- Periodically remove radiator pressure cap (only when engine has cooled down) to make sure the coolant recovery system is functioning properly. Coolant should be at bottom of radiator filler neck. If coolant level is low, inspect gasket in radiator pressure cap. Replace cap, if necessary. To have pressure cap tested, contact a Service Facility. Inspect cooling system and coolant recovery system for leaks.

COOLANT CHANGE

Every year, have a service facility drain, flush and refill the cooling system. See the Specifications and Service Schedule for cooling system recommendations.

OVERLOAD PROTECTION FOR ENGINE DC ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

Engine cranking, start up and running are controlled by a solid state Engine Controller circuit board. Battery voltage is delivered to that circuit board via the control panel fuse. This overcurrent protection device will open if the circuit is overloaded.

⚠ CAUTION!

- ⚠** If a circuit breaker opens or a fuse element melts, find the cause of the overload before resetting the circuit breaker or replacing the fuse.

EXERCISE SYSTEM

Starts the Stationary Emergency Generator engine once every seven days and lets it run for 12 minutes.

PERFORM VISUAL INSPECTION

Complete a thorough visual inspection of the entire engine-generator monthly. Look for obvious damage, loose, missing or corroded nuts, bolts and other fasteners. Look for fuel, oil or coolant leaks.

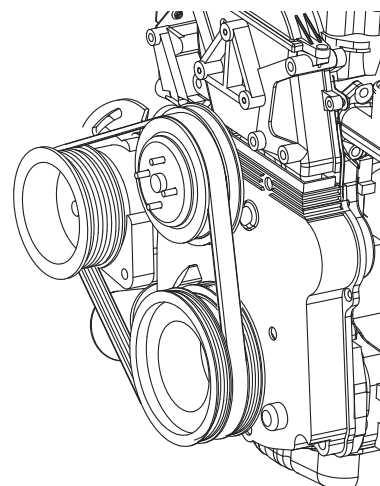
INSPECT EXHAUST SYSTEM

Inspect the exhaust system at least once every year. Check all exhaust system pipes, mufflers, clamps, etc. for condition, tightness, leaks, security, damage.

CHECK FAN BELT

- Inspect fan belts every year. Replace any damaged, deteriorated, worn or otherwise defective belt.
- Check fan belt tension. Thumb pressure, exerted midway between pulleys, should deflect about 3/8 to 5/8 of an inch. Adjust belt tension as required.
- Check fan belt alignment (see Figure 10.2).

Figure 10.2 – Fan Belt



INSPECT ENGINE GOVERNOR

Visually inspect electronic governor.

⚠ DANGER!

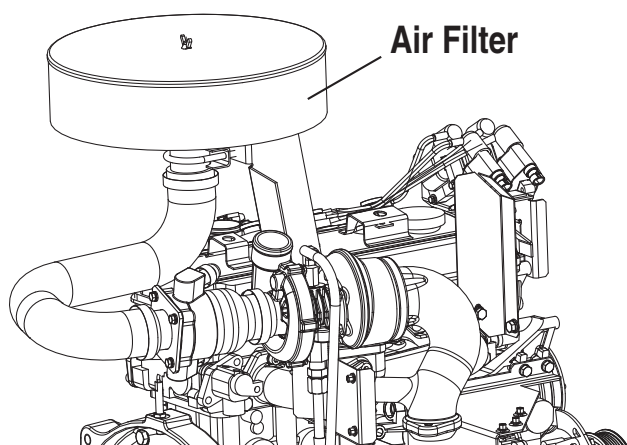
- ⚠** Do not attempt to adjust the governor. Only qualified service facilities should adjust the governor. Excessively high operating speeds are dangerous and increase the risk of personal injury. Low speeds impose a heavy load on the engine when adequate engine power is not available and may shorten engine life. Correct rated frequency and voltage are supplied only at the proper governed speed. Some connected electrical load devices may be damaged by incorrect frequency and/or voltage. Only qualified service technicians should adjust the governed speed.

CHANGING THE ENGINE AIR FILTER

To replace the engine air filter, remove the air filter cover and replace the air filter making sure it is positioned properly before reattaching the cover (Figure 10.3).

See the Service Schedule for air filter maintenance.

Figure 10.3 – Engine Air Filter



SPARK PLUGS

Reset the spark plug gap or replace the spark plugs as necessary.

1. Clean the area around the base of the spark plugs to keep dirt and debris out of the engine. Clean by scraping or washing using a wire brush and commercial solvent. Do not blast the spark plugs to clean.
2. Remove the spark plugs and check the condition. Replace the spark plugs if worn or if reuse is questionable. See the "Service Schedule" section for recommended inspection.
3. Check the spark plug gap using a wire feeler gauge. See the Specifications section for the required spark plug gap.

BATTERY MAINTENANCE

The battery should be inspected per the Service Schedule section. The following procedure should be followed for inspection:

1. Inspect the battery posts and cables for tightness and corrosion. Tighten and clean as necessary.
2. Check the battery fluid level of unsealed batteries and, if necessary, fill with DISTILLED WATER ONLY. DO NOT USE TAP WATER IN BATTERIES.
3. Have the state of charge and condition checked. This should be done with an automotive-type battery hydrometer.

⚠ DANGER!

⚠ Storage batteries give off explosive hydrogen gas. This gas can form an explosive mixture around the battery for several hours after charging. The slightest spark can ignite the gas and cause an explosion. Such an explosion can shatter the battery and cause blindness or other injury. Any area that houses a storage battery must be properly ventilated. Do not allow smoking, open flame, sparks or any spark producing tools or equipment near the battery.

⚠ Battery electrolyte fluid is an extremely corrosive sulfuric acid solution that can cause severe burns. Do not permit fluid to contact eyes, skin, clothing, painted surfaces, etc. Wear protective goggles, protective clothing and gloves when handling a battery. If fluid is spilled, flush the affected area immediately with clear water.

⚠ Do not use any jumper cables or booster battery to crank and start the generator engine. If the battery has completely discharged, remove it from the generator for recharging.

⚠ WARNING!

⚠ Be sure the AUTO/OFF/MANUAL switch is set to the OFF position, before connecting the battery cables. If the switch is set to AUTO or MANUAL, the generator can crank and start as soon as the battery cables are connected.

⚠ Be sure the 120VAC power supply to the battery is turned OFF, or sparking may occur at the battery posts as the cables are attached and cause an explosion.

BATTERY REPLACEMENT

NOTE:

Unit DOES NOT include battery.

When supplying or replacing the battery, the recommended number and type of battery is listed in the Specifications Section.

NOTE:

The BCI number should be located directly on the battery.

BATTERY FLUID

Check battery electrolyte fluid based on the Service Schedule. Fluid should cover separators in all battery cells. If fluid level is low, add distilled water to cover tops of separators. **DO NOT USE TAP WATER IN BATTERY.**

CLEANING THE STATIONARY EMERGENCY GENERATOR

Keep the generator as clean and as dry as possible. Dirt and moisture that accumulates on internal generator windings have an adverse effect on insulation resistance.

Periodically clean generator exterior surfaces. A soft brush may be used to loosen caked on dirt. Use a vacuum system or dry, low pressure air to remove any accumulations of dirt. The generator is housed inside an all-weather enclosure, clean the enclosure with a soft, damp cloth or sponge and water.

Once each year have the generator cleaned and inspected by a Service Dealer. That dealer will use dry, low pressure air to clean internal windings.

Finally, have the insulation resistance of stator and rotor windings checked. If insulation resistances are excessively low, the generator may require drying.

Service Schedule

SERVICE SCHEDULE

System / Component	Frequency	Procedure		
	Weekly - W Monthly - M Yearly - Y	Inspect	Change	Clean
Fuel				
Fuel Lines & Connections	M	X		
Lubrication				
Oil Level	M	X*		
Oil	Y		X**	
Oil Filter	Y		X**	
Cooling				
Engine Coolant Lines & Connections	M	X		
Engine Coolant Level	M	X		
Engine Coolant	Y		X	
Enclosure Louvers	W	X		X
Engine				
Air Cleaner	Y	X	X***	
Spark Plugs	Y	X	X***	
Battery				
Remove Corrosion, Ensure Dryness	M	X		X
Clean & Tighten Battery Terminals	M	X		X
Check Charge State	M	X	X***	
Check Electrolyte Level	M	X	X***	
General Condition				
Vibration, Noise, Leakage, Temperature	M	X		
Generator System				
Complete Tune-up and System Inspection	Y	To be completed by an Authorized Service Dealer.		
Footnotes				
* Inspect the oil level monthly or every 12 hours during continuous operation.				
** Change oil and oil filter after the first 30 hours of operation and then every 100 hours or annually thereafter, whichever occurs first. Change sooner when operating under heavy load or in a dusty or dirty environment or in high ambient temperatures.				
*** Replace as necessary.				

Troubleshooting

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

PROBLEM	CAUSE	CORRECTION
Engine won't crank.	1. Control panel 7.5 amp fuse blown. 2. Loose or corroded or defective battery cables. 3. Defective starter contactor. 4. Defective starter motor. 5. Dead or Defective Battery.	1. Replace fuse.* 2. Tighten, clean or replace battery cables as necessary.* 3. Replace contactor.* 4. Replace starter motor.* 5. Remove, change or replace battery.*
Engine cranks but won't start.	1. Out of fuel. 2. Fuel solenoid (FS) is defective 3. Spark plugs defective.	1. Replenish fuel/turn on fuel valve. 2. Replace solenoid.* 3. Clean, regap or replace plugs.
Engine starts hard, runs rough.	1. Air cleaner plugged or damaged. 2. Defective spark plugs. 3. Fuel pressure incorrect. 4. Insufficient fuel supply. 5. Fuel system set to wrong fuel type.	1. Clean or replace as needed. 2. Clean, regap or replace plugs. 3. Confirm fuel pressure to regulator is as recommended in SPECIFICATIONS.* 4. Confirm fuel pressure to regualtor is as recommended in SPECIFICATIONS.* 5. Reconfigure the fuel system. (See RECONFIGURING THE FUEL SYSTEM in manual.*
Engine starts then shuts down.	1. Engine oil level is low. 2. Engine is overheated. 3. Defective Low Oil Pressure Switch 4. Defective Coolant Temperature Switch 5. Defective Control Module circuit board. 6. Coolant Level is Low. 7. Defective Low Coolant Level Switch	1. Check oil and add oil as needed. 2. Check cooling system for leaks. 3. Replace switch.* 4. Replace switch.* 5. Replace board.* 6. Repair leak - Add coolant. 7. Replace Switch.*
AUTO/OFF/MANUAL Switch at OFF, engine continues to run.	1. Defective AUTO/OFF/MANUAL switch 2. Defective Control Module circuit board	1. Replace board.* 2. Replace board.*
No AC output from generator.	1. Main line circuit breaker is tripped/open. 2. Generator internal failure. 3. Thermal circuit breaker open.	1. Reset to ON/CLOSED. 2. * 3. Auto-reset - Wait 5 min. and attempt restart.

***Contact the nearest Dealer for assistance.**

Notes

[illegible]

